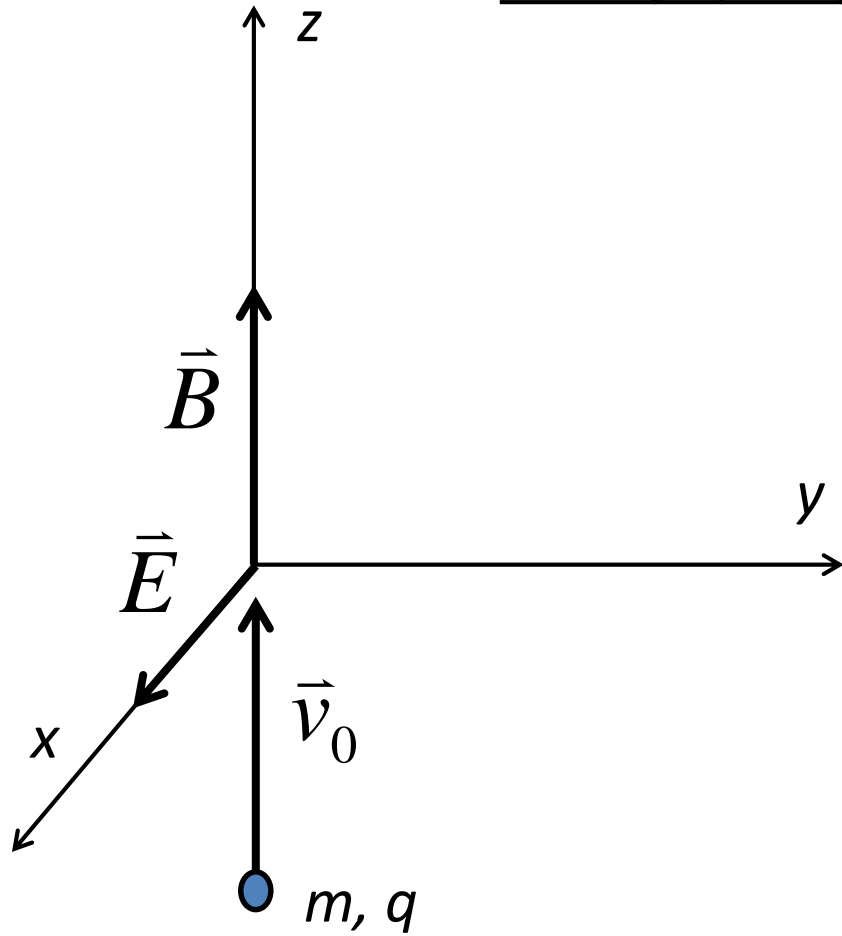


## Gibanje po vijačnici



$$\vec{E} = (E, 0, 0); \quad \vec{B} = (0, 0, B)$$

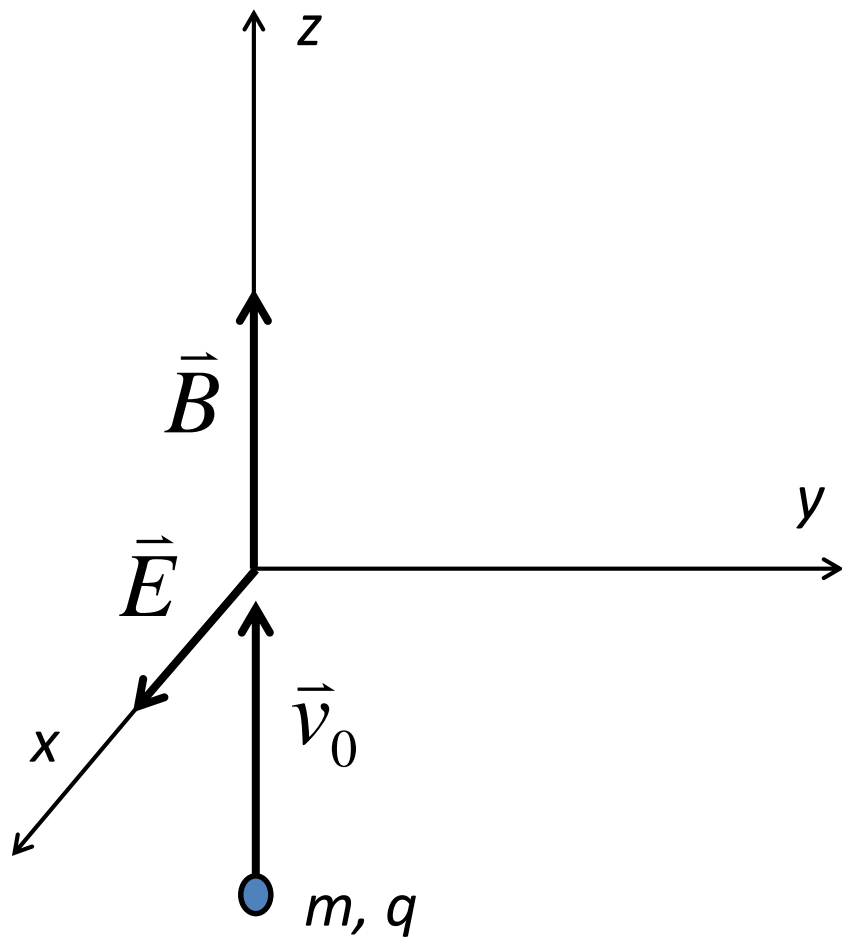
$$\vec{F} = q\vec{E} + q\vec{v} \times \vec{B} = m\dot{\vec{v}}$$

$$(E, 0, 0) + (v_y B, -v_x B, 0) = \frac{m}{q} (\dot{v}_x, \dot{v}_y, \dot{v}_z)$$

$$E + v_y B = \frac{m}{q} \dot{v}_x \longrightarrow \text{še enkrat odvajamo}$$

$$-v_x B = \frac{m}{q} \dot{v}_y$$

$$0 = \frac{m}{q} \dot{v}_z \implies v_z = v_{z0}$$



$$\dot{v}_y B = \frac{m}{q} \ddot{v}_x$$

$$-\frac{q}{m} v_x B = \dot{v}_y$$

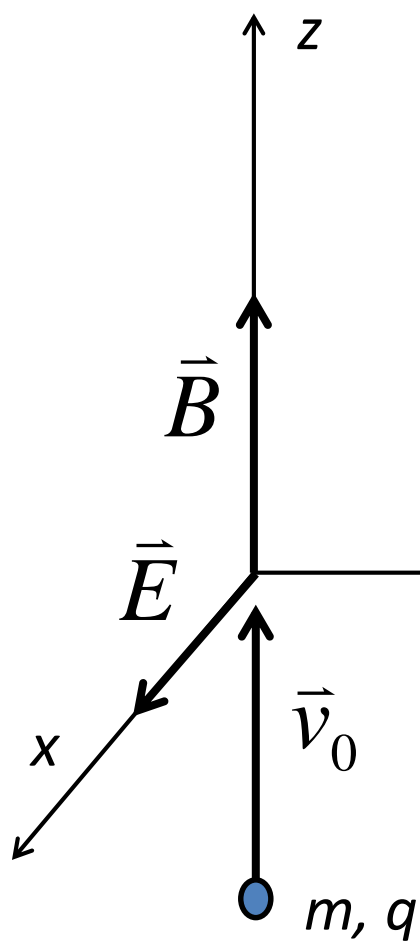
$$\ddot{v}_x + \frac{q^2 B^2}{m^2} v_x = 0$$

$$v_x = A \sin(\omega t)$$

vstavimo v enačbo

$$\omega = \frac{qB}{m}$$

$$v_y = A \cos(\omega t) - \frac{E}{B}$$



$$v_y(t=0) = 0 \Rightarrow A = \frac{E}{B}$$

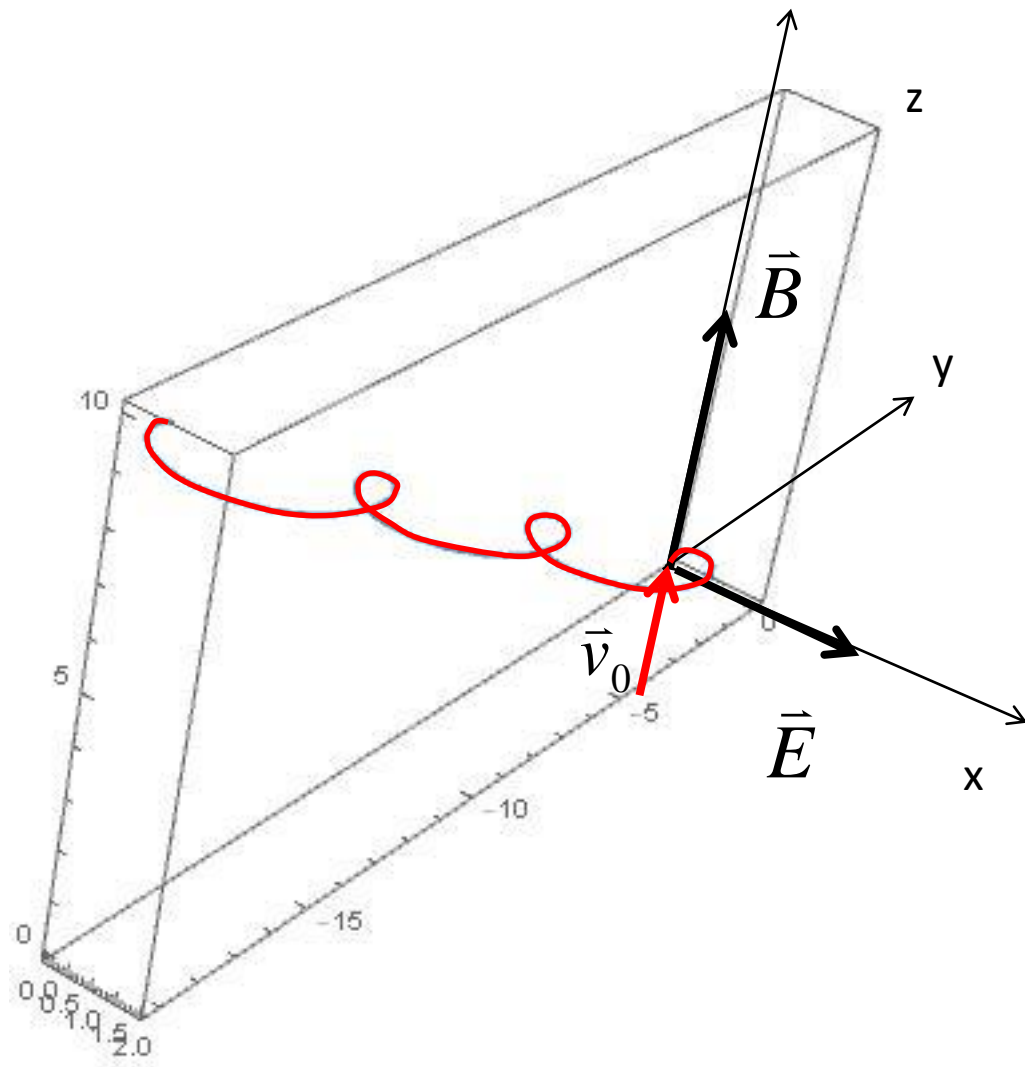
$$v_y = \frac{E}{B} [\cos(\omega t) - 1]$$

$$x(t) = \int v_x(t) dt = -\frac{E}{B\omega} \cos(\omega t) + x_0$$

$$x(t=0) = 0 \Rightarrow x(t) = \frac{E}{B\omega} (1 - \cos(\omega t))$$

$$y(t) = \frac{E}{B\omega} \sin(\omega t) - \omega t$$

$$z(t) = v_{z0} t$$

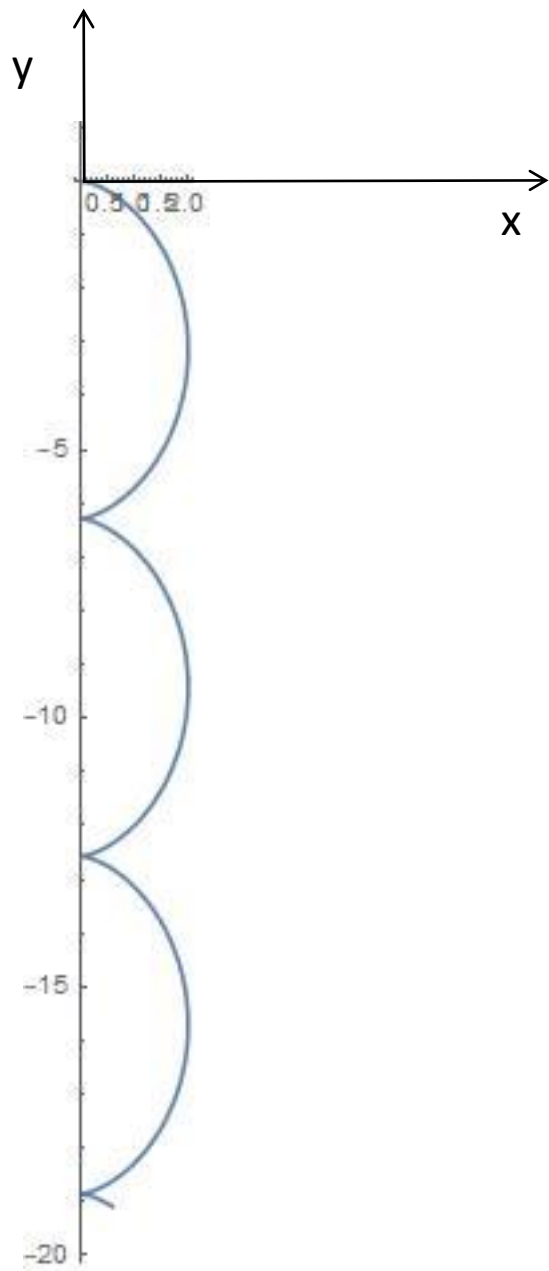


$$x(t) = \frac{E}{B\omega} (1 - \cos(\omega t))$$

$$y(t) = \frac{E}{B\omega} \sin(\omega t) - \omega t$$

$$z(t) = v_{z0} t$$

ta člen ne „pripada“ vijačnici



cikloida

